



cxella Maris College



Combining Indigenous Practices and Modern Technology in the Conservation of Archival Material in Stella Maris College, Chennai: A Case Study







Maris Library

Stellarchives Collection

Paintings, College Magazines,
Ephemerals, Journals,
Manuscripts, Coins,
Newspaper Clippings,
Books, Slides, CDs, Theses,
Photographs
and Artifacts

Stella Maris College is a Catholic institution of higher education for women, founded by the Society of the Missionaries of Mary on 15th August, 1947 with 32 students. Today the college has an enrollment of 4200 students both from India and abroad. In 2011 Stellarchives was born out of the urgent need to preserve the history of the college. The archives endeavours to collect, preserve, maintain and make available the rich heritage of the institution for posterity.

Stellarchives continually attempts to integrate preservation and archival management, with a focus on safe handling and storage of material in a protected eco-media. In the light of environmental and climatic conditions (situated on the coastline, the city is subject to high levels of heat and humidity), all efforts are based on effective traditional practices, using native herbs in combination with modern technology.

From its inception, Stellarchives has opted to use indigenous methods of conservation which offer significant eco-friendly advantages because they

- are not hazardous to human health
- do not damage or destroy archival material
- are inexpensive and do not require much expertise
- do not necessitate the use of sophisticated high-cost equipment and material

As a result of using a variety of indigenous practices over the past 5 years, we found that both the library and Stellarchives are free from pests. In addition the staff working in the stack areas no longer suffer from skin and respiratory problems. From this we conclude that the use of natural products not only ensures that documents and material are preserved, but also protects both students and faculty from harmful chemicals.

Indigenous Herbal Practices



Vasambu (sweet flag) - 400 gms
Karun jeeragam (black cumin) - 200 gms
Omam (carom) - 200 gms
Pattai (cinnamon) - 50 gms
Karun milaugu (black pepper) - 50 gms
Pachha karpooram (green camphor) - 100 gms

Lemon grass oil is used for cleaning the shelves & Dried Neem leaves in sachets are used to repel insects.

Modern Technology

Air conditioner and dehumidifier: maintains temperature and humidity control
Hepa vacuum cleaner: ensures dust and mite free environment
Archival cds, external hard disc and cloud: preserve digital material
Acid free boxes: protect from radiation & pollution
Scanner: transforms print to electronic format and makes the
Digital version accessible to all readers
LED lights: lower heat & UV emission & deter insects



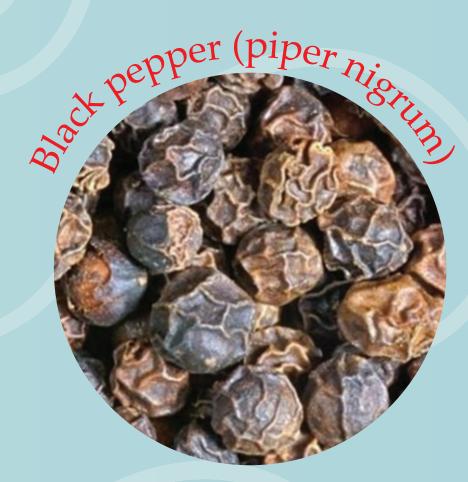
Strong deterrent to all insects



Antifungal
insect repellent
(cockroaches, fleas
and other insects)



Contains 50%
thymol, an
essential oil with
strong
anti bacterial &
anti fungal
properties



Insect repellent.
Prevents
insects and pests
from laying eggs



Antibacterial & antifungal insect repellent



Insect repellent & preservative

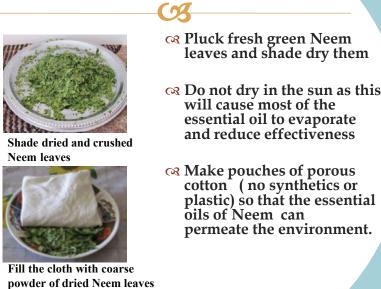


Neem is the best naturally available pesticide, insecticide and germicide

Recommendation

Based on our personal experience, we recommend all libraries and archives to use local herbs to preserve their holdings and keep the environment green & safe.





FRESH NEEM LEAVES